

105,683,108 SOULS IN CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES

Scrap League-Harding *** Save League-Cox

WILSON SCHEME
NOT WORTH SAVING,
DECLARER HARDING

Republican Candidate Tells Iowa and Nebraska Voters the United States Must Stay Out of Versailles League and Reject Covenant.

HE WANTS U. S. TROOPS
CALLED FROM GERMANY

Harding Says American Soldiers Have No Business There, and Statement Is Cheered—Opposes Over-Zealous Law and Order Crusades.

Omaha, Neb., October 7.—On the farthest westward swing of his campaigning Senator Harding urged today that the nation stay out of the Versailles league of nations altogether and reject the obligations of the league covenant.

Declaring that clarifying reservations would not meet the requirements of national security, the republican nominee put before the voters of Iowa and Nebraska a direct issue of accepting or declining membership in the league.

"I do not want to glorify these obligations," he said; "I want to turn my back on them. It is not interpretation but rejection that I am seeking. I understand the position of the democratic nominees and he understands mine. In simple words, it is that he favors going into the Paris league and I favor staying out."

The senator's declaration on the league was made at a forenoon gathering of several thousand in the Co-opers at Des Moines, and later was repeated in varied form at several smaller Iowa cities and at night meetings in the Omaha auditorium.

10 Speeches During the Day.

In sixteen speeches during the day he also restated his position on various other issues of the campaign, and during his address here devoted a half hour to a plea for enforcement of law without "terrorism" or oppression.

Omaha, Neb., October 7.—Use of dummies to conceal the source of contributions to a \$37,000 campaign fund used in the gubernatorial election of Governor Cox, the democratic presidential candidate, in 1916, was charged in testimony here today before a senate subcommittee composed of Senator Pomerene, Democrat, Ohio, and Senator Edge, Republican, New Jersey.

Though the inquiry primarily was

to ascertain the disposition of the proceeds of a \$5,000 note aleged to have been given by Governor Cox, August 16, 1917, to the City National Bank of Dayton, and paid by the Dayton Metal Products company, June 29, 1919, as well as why the Dayton Metal Products paid the note, the committee tonight had proceeded no further than the disclosure of the note and the check given in payment. They were introduced in evidence and identified by Walter Davidson, vice president of the bank.

Collected \$37,000 Fund.

Through Adam Schantz, a member of the Dayton flood prevention committee, and also through testimony of Marvin Scudder, New York accountant, it was brought out that Colonel E. A. Deeds, H. E. Talbot, C. F. Kettering, Mr. Schantz and Walter Kidder, who each gave \$2,000, and F. M. Tait, who gave \$2,000, a \$27,000 fund had been subscribed to help re-elect Governor Cox, as Mr. Schantz explained it, "for the purpose of preserving the law (conservancy law) through Governor Cox."

This money, they testified, had

been turned over to Mr. Schantz, who said that he had given \$21,000 to three associations to be used in furthering the protection of the conservancy law enacted as a flood prevention measure for the great Miami valley, in which Dayton is situated.

These associations, he said, were the Forward Looking association, the Independent Voters' League and the League for Protection and Preservation of the Workmen's Compensation Law.

Name of Schantz Absent.

Certified copies of expense statements, filed with the secretary of state, under the corrupt practices act, which were introduced in evidence, showed the first to have received a total of \$12,600, and spent \$12,637.32; the second to have received a total of \$8,200, and to have received a total of \$10,800, and to have spent \$10,780.32. Mr.

Caterers' Club
Has Joined Fight
On H. C. of Food

A resolution, offering their sincere condemnation of profiteering, and their co-operation in any movement among Atlantans to reduce the high cost of food, was Thursday afternoon passed by the Atlanta Caterers' club, an organization composed of heads of 38 of Atlanta's eating places.

A committee, composed of Arthur Wiesberg, chairman; George Collier, Charles Keramidas, W. F. Felker and Andrew Valeras, was appointed to lend aid to any possible investigation which might be made. E. L. Thornton is president of the caterers' organization, and an ex-officio member of the committee.

The adopted resolution follows:

"Whereas, at the present there is much agitation to investigate the high prices in the restaurants and high places in the city of Atlanta;

"Whereas, the American Caterers' association, chapter No. 2, of Atlanta, assembled in meeting on the 7th day of October, 1920, and interested in the matter that food be served in the city of Atlanta at proper and legitimate prices;

"Whereas, the American association chapter No. 2, of Atlanta, does condemn profiteering and high prices of any character or description for food served in any restaurant or cafe in the city of Atlanta;

"Whereas, the mayor of the city of Atlanta, under request by the city council, has appointed a committee to look into that matter;

"Be it Resolved, In the spirit of the highest co-operation that the American Caterers' association, chapter No. 2, of Atlanta, appoint a committee of five members to lend all possible aid and assistance in a practical investigation and round table of high prices charged for food by the restaurants and cafes in the city of Atlanta, that is to be conducted by the committee appointed by the mayor."

USE OF DUMMIES
TO HIDE SOURCE
OF CASH FOR COX

Charge Is Made in Testimony Given at Dayton, Ohio, Before U. S. Senate Probing Committee.

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Similar notices have been posted in other states in the cotton belt, and at Cullman, Ala., a store was burned upon the failure of the merchant to close as ordered by "night riders."

Notices posted on several gins near Bowman read as follows: "We, the citizens of everywhere, kindly ask that this ginnerie be closed until November, 1920, unless further notice. To prevent notice."

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and at Cullman, Ala., a store was

burned upon the failure of the merchant to close as ordered by "night

riders."

It is to prevent such violations of the law as this in Georgia that Governor Dorsey wrote the sheriff of Carroll county to apprehend the parties making threats.

Cotton Code to Act.

At the meeting of the American Association of Cotton Ginneries in Atlanta, today official action will be taken to prevent any further posting of threats in this state. It is said, while J. S. Wannamaker, president of the organization, has already issued a statement urging the farmers not to resort to such methods.

The governor's letter to Sheriff Garrett is as follows:

"Hon. W. A. Garrett, sheriff of Carroll county, Carrollton, Ga.

"Dear Sir: I am reliably informed that notices are being posted in certain places in your county that the operation of cotton gins must be discontinued otherwise the gins will be destroyed.

As stated in these dispatches yesterday, Harding has been in consultation on the subject with his party leaders during the last three weeks, and some very concrete proposals have been considered. And as further stated, all of these proposals started from the basis that the so-called "Wilson league" would be scrapped and a peace without it would be effected with Germany before a new project for an international association was undertaken.

The candidate also declared his opposition to wholesale pardons for political prisoners, and reiterated his faith in the practice of deporting undesirable aliens.

"No true American will argue that our laws should not be enforced," he said. "For my part, I care less about the essential differences between ordinary crimes and ordinary criminals on the one hand, and political crimes and political prisoners on the other. I have been asked many times whether I would grant general amnesty to political prisoners. I would not. A general grant of amnesty to political prisoners is no

GOVERNOR MOVES
TO END ACTIVITY
OF NIGHT RIDERS

Apprehend Those Guilty
of Warning Cotton Gins
to Cease Running, Dorsey Tells Carroll Sheriff.

WARNS OF BOLSHEVISM
IN BLOW AT INDUSTRY

Will Offer Rewards If
Threats to Burn Gins
Are Executed—Brown
Appeals for Law and
Order.

Declaring that if legitimate business can be interfered with by threats to destroy cotton gins unless they cease operating, bolshevism has already arrived in Georgia, Governor Hugh M. Dorsey, Thursday afternoon, wrote Sheriff W. A. Garrett of Carroll county, urging him to apprehend those guilty of issuing warnings to ginnersies of his county, and pledging his full support in the matter.

Commissioner of Agriculture J. A. Brown at the same time issued a statement, in which he declared that cotton growers were only injuring themselves by such unlawful actions.

In his letter to the sheriff of Carroll county, Governor Dorsey states that posting of notices on gins to cease operating is a misdemeanor, and that while he is not authorized under the law to issue rewards for the apprehension of those guilty of such crimes, should threats to burn gineries be carried out, he would be "very glad to offer the highest reward permissible under the law."

"If we permit the legitimate business of ginning cotton to be interfered with or owners of gineries to be intimidated by threats, and the perpetrators to go without punishment, the next step will be to notify merchants to close their stores, and bankers to close their doors," the letter continued.

"If legitimate business can be interfered with in this way, then bolshevism has already arrived."

Brown Sends Warning.

Commissioner Brown reiterated his warning to farmers with reference to threatening gineries to close, and declared that "what we want to do is to let Secretary Houson know that the south has always been loyal; that we have always been patriotic; that the signs which have been posted around gins in some sections of the state do not express the real sentiment of the south."

Threats to burn gins unless they were closed immediately have been posted in several sections of Georgia and the situation has reached such an alarming stage that Governor Dorsey was appealed to on Thursday by prominent citizens to take steps to put a stop to actions of so-called "night riders."

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The candidate also declared his opposition to wholesale pardons for political prisoners, and reiterated his faith in the practice of deporting undesirable aliens.

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56 Foodless Days
Cause MacSwiney
To Long for Death

Irish Lord Mayor Realizes
There Is No Chance of
Being Released and
Wants Speedy End.

BY PERCY SARTL
United News Staff Correspondent.

London, October 7.—Lord Mayor MacSwiney, of Cork, still alive though very feeble after fifty-six days of hunger striking in Brixton jail, now realizes that there is no chance of his being released and wants to die, according to his sister, Mary MacSwiney.

"He tells me that he does not want his life prolonged by artificial means," the sister said.

Meantime the state of public opinion in connection with the MacSwiney case has undergone a peculiar change—the fact that the death of the lord mayor now would cause considerable surprise to the public at large, although weeks ago this same public expected his death hourly.

Even those who are convinced that MacSwiney is really fasting seem to expect him to survive indefinitely. The family of the lord mayor still keeps watch at the bedside.

The strain has laid its unmistakable marks on the faces of the watchers. The hair of the lady mayor has turned gray and the faces of Sean and Mary MacSwiney, brother and sister, respectively, hunger strikers, are deeply lined.

The British authorities are cognizant of the presence of Peter MacSwiney, elder brother of the lord mayor, who shipped as a common sailor from New York and entered England without a passport in order to reach the bedside of his brother. The government contemplated no action against Peter, it was announced.

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SCHOOL SYSTEM
OF STATE FACES
FINANCIAL CRISIS

Failure to Pay Customary
10 Per Cent of Appropriation
Forces Schools to Prospect of Floating
Additional Loans.

EXTRA LEGISLATIVE
SESSION PROPOSED

Fullbright Again Argues
for Reassessment of Taxable
Property to Relieve Georgia of Financial
Embarrassment.

For the first time in years Georgia has failed to pay its school system 10 per cent of the annual school appropriation, which this year amounts to \$400,000, to meet its current expenses, thereby leaving the superintendent with only one course to pursue, that of floating loans to finance the operation of schools throughout the state. This was learned Thursday afternoon.

The school appropriation for 1920 made by the last session of the legislature is \$4,000,000 and to date none of this amount has been paid by

"There's a Rogers store near you"

Full value
for every penny

It's one of the principles of this establishment that our patrons must be given the maximum of value in every transaction. These prices will reveal how faithful we are to this rule

Standard
Granulated SUGAR
15¹/₂ c. lb.

10 Pounds Irish POTATOES
27^c

10 Pounds Sweet POTATOES
27^c

FRESH VIRGINIA CABBAGE
2¹/₂ c. lb.

100 Pounds Purina Scratch Feed
3.95

Rogers "37" Self-Rising FLOUR
12 lbs 93^c 24 \$1.80

NEW CROP EVAPORATED APPLES
16^c lb.

FRESH COUNTRY EGGS
63^c doz.

BEST HEAD RICE
9¹/₂ c. lb.

PURITY NUT BUTTERINE
37^c lb.

PINT CANS Evaporated Milk
13¹/₂ c.

PINTS WESSEON COOKING OIL
29^c

ROGERS'
112-ECONOMY STORES-112

population was now living in urban territory.

Preliminary tabulations, Mr. Rogers said, showed that 54,816,269, or 51.9 per cent, of the people were living in incorporated places of 2,500 inhabitants or more, and 50,866,893, or 48.1 per cent, in rural territory.

This situation was clearly reflected in the figures as to farms in the country which also were made public today. These placed the total areas and counties are yet to be announced, but the main work of the 1920 census is completed after ten years, as against an increase of 8,496, or 1.5 per cent, in the decade ended in 1910.

Mr. Rogers stated that while today's figures on the country's popula-

tion were preliminary and subject to revision, the final official population, as transmitted to Congress in December for apportionment purposes, was not likely to be greatly different, although it might be slightly larger, though the addition of population for small sections, claimed not to have been properly canvassed by census enumera-

tors.

Revised figures for a number of

states and counties are yet to be announced, but the main work of the 1920 census is completed after

nine months of labor.

Statement by Director Rogers.

"The population of the United States as announced today," said Mr. Rogers, "is 105,853,108, as com-

pared with 8, total in 1910 of 91,723,866 and in 1900 of 75,594,575.

This is an increase since 1910 of 13,710,842, or 14.9 per cent as compared with an increase from 1890 to 1910, or 15,977,691, or 21 per cent.

"The large falling off in the rate of growth for the country as a whole as shown by these figures is due mainly to an almost complete cessation of immigration for more than five years preceding the taking of the census in January last, and in some degree also to an epidemic of influenza which took the casualties resulting from the world war.

"The results of the census of

population in 1920, at first glance

may appear somewhat disappointing

in the open to question, but the

substantial accuracy of the enumera-

tion in January is fully born

out by comparison with estimates

of the annual excess of births over deaths throughout the

decade and the excess of immigra-

tion over emigration. From all

available data, it may be

estimated that the annual excess of

births over deaths throughout the

United States is approximately 10.5

per cent during the decade. Thus

the excess of 8,000,000 persons per-

year in the United States in 1910

might be expected to increase to

101,700,000 in 1920.

Excess of Immigration.

"In addition, the excess of immi-

gration over emigration for the

decade was approximately 3,732,900.

Since the bulk of these foreign

born persons came to the country

during the first four years of the

decade, it is estimated that the

increase due to excess of births

over deaths in their families

was about 10 per cent. Thus

the population of the country may

be assumed to have been increased by

about 4,100,000 during the decade

through excess of immigration over

emigration. The two estimates taken together indicate, therefore, a probable population of 105,800,000, or only a small fraction of 1 per cent more than the total shown by the returns of the four

teens census.

"The figures of the present census also show that the trend of population from the country to the city has been continuing

since 1910, and that, for the first

time in the country's history, more

than half the entire population is

now living in urban territory as

defined by the census bureau. That

is to say, of the 105,853,108 persons

enumerated in the fourteenth cen-

sus, preliminary tabulations show

that 51,816,269, or 48.1 per cent

of the population living in incorporated

places of 2,500 inhabitants or more and 50,866,893, or 48.1 per cent, in rural

territory. The census of 1910, the

corresponding percentages were

46.3 and 53.7, respectively, showing a loss of 5.6 per cent in the proportion for the population living in rural territory.

Rural Population.

"To show more clearly the change

in the proportion of the population

living in rural territory now, as compared with ten years ago, the rural population can be divided

into two classes, namely, 9,864,196

or 9.3 per cent of the total popula-

tion living in incorporated places

of 2,500 inhabitants, or 35.8 per cent

of the total population, living in what

may be called purely country dis-

tricts. The census of 1910, the

population living in incorporated

places of less than 2,500 inhabi-

tants formed 8.8 per cent, while the population living in purely country

districts formed 44.8 per cent

of the total population.

"The increase since 1910 in the

population as a whole, as pre-

dicted, was 4.9 per cent, but dur-

ing the decade there has been an

increase in that portion of the popu-

lation living in urban territory of

12,192,826, or 23.6 per cent, and in

that portion living in rural territory of 1,518,016, or only 3.1 per

cent. In the comparison it is ex-

tended to cover the class of

rural territory it appears that that

portion living in incorporated

places of less than 2,500 inhabi-

tants shows an increase of 1,456,871,

or 21.5 per cent, whereas that portion living in purely country dis-

tricts shows an actual decrease of

207,456, or six-tenths of 1 per cent.

The percentages of increase

shown for the several states vary

greatly, and it is not

possible to note the causes

of the increase in each state.

Finest Quality Oysters!

Also Spanish Mackerel, Bluefish, Trout, Mullet, etc.

DEEP SEA FISH COMPANY

23 West Alabama St., Between Broad and Forsyth.

place. Washington and Connecticut having passed it in the 1920 cen-

sus with larger relative gains.

Other figures include:

Detroit, Mich., revised, 893,678; in-

crease, 1,271, or 13.8 per cent.

Tampa, Fla., revised, 51,608; in-

crease, 1,000, or 2.4 per cent.

Key West, Fla., revised, 18,749;

increase, 1,100, or 6.0 per cent. Pre-

viously announced as 18,639.

Philadelphia, Pa., revised, 1,823;

increase, 274,771, or 17.7 per cent.

Previously announced as 1,823.

Ramsey County, Minnesota, con-

tinuing St. Paul (revised), 244,536;

increase, 20,561, or 9.3 per cent.

St. Paul, Minn., revised, 324,680;

increase, 19,936, or 6.3 per cent.

REALTY DEALERS HOLD
MEET THIS AFTERNOON

The regular monthly meeting of

the Atlanta real estate board will

be held today at 1 o'clock in room

123 of the Piedmont hotel. Mat-

ters of importance to every re-

tainer will be discussed and a full

attendance is requested. At the last

meeting, every member present

pledged to bring a member to to-

day's meeting. G. E. Chambers,

secretary, has tried to communicate

with all members, and a very in-

teresting program has been ar-

anged.

FUNERAL SERVICES
FOR MRS. O. A. HUMLER

Richard Dix may return to the

speaking stage upon the comple-

tion of his engagement in the pro-

duction of "Parrot and Company,"

now being filmed in Los Angeles.

one brother, B. N. Harris, of this

city.

Richard Dix may return to the

HARDWICK WINNER IN 104 COUNTIES

Complete Unofficial Returns Show Ex-Senator Has 248 Unit Votes. Candidates Issue Statements.

Complete unofficial returns of the second primary to decide the governorship of Georgia received by The Constitution Thursday night give Thomas W. Hardwick a total of 104 counties, with 248 convention votes.

Popular Vote
In 143 Counties

COUNTIES. Hardwick Walker.

COUNTIES.	Hardwick	Walker
Appling	274	173
Bacon	386	192
Bartow	1,119	1,078
Banks	924	240
Baldwin	270	87
Ben Hill	589	291
Baldwin	476	393
Barrow	962	439
Bergen	400	349
Bibb	1,332	1,632
Bleckley	329	202
Brooks	464	517
Bryan	86	178
Burke	360	490
Butts	428	410
Calhoun	148	296
Crawford	184	173
Catoosa	37	176
Cherokee	982	364
Clarke	569	869
Clay	256	133
Clayton	601	381
Cook	126	271
Crisp	290	510
Charlton	45	103
Chattahoochee	63	70
Coffee	623	521
Coweta	779	965
Camden	12	160
Campbell	503	314
Candler	318	256
Carroll	1,478	1,103
Chattooga	341	546
Chatham	715	2,398
Clinch	224	154
Cobb	1,559	967
Colquitt	1,669	804
DeKalb	1,563	1,197
Dooly	332	385
Douglas	605	166
Decatur	1,027	761
Dougherty	103	447
Dade	32	159
Elbert	881	714
Early	568	373
Effingham	169	393
Echols	46	99
Emanuel	926	526
Evans	309	233
Fannin	180	141
Fayette	586	251
Floyd	968	1,201
Forsyth	659	360
Fulton	5,109	4,963
Glascock	390	27
Glynn	117	266
Gilmer	338	65
Grady	915	580
Gordon	1,000	652
Greene	161	382
Gwinnett	1,641	1,035
Harts	285	320
Hard	499	308
Hall	1,241	613
Haralson	940	346
Hart	864	402
Hancock	301	414
Habersham	666	502
Henry	792	450
Houston	328	637
Irwin	599	459
Jenkins	376	163
Jackson	1,239	707
Jasper	311	356
Jeff Davis	307	164
Jones	310	210
Liberty	271	218
Laurens	1,384	557
Lincoln	516	183
Lowndes	707	742
Lumpkin	388	89
Madison	939	386
Morgan	583	507
Monroe	642	678
Macon	462	431
Marion	325	221
Miller	303	107
Mitchell	924	700
McDuffle	596	190
McIntosh	35	100
Meriwether	1,025	697
Montgomery	466	230
Muscookee	656	1,144
Newton	703	536
Oglethorpe	700	465
Oconee	608	150
Pike	638	673
Pierce	393	370
Putnam	220	369
Pulaski	450	213
Paulding	926	316
Pickens	64	218
Polk	762	650
Quitman	102	92
Rabun	109	207
Randolph	364	360
Rockdale	480	357
Richmond	1,517	1,467
Schley	157	190
Stewart	367	310
Sumter	594	765
Spalding	910	550
Stephens	439	363
Tallaferrro	265	188
Terrell	417	406
Tift	569	727
Telfair	450	550
Tattnall	738	411
Taylor	474	237
Troup	506	111
Toombs	577	567
Talbot	217	390
Town	1,249	911
Twigg	300	300
Thomas	1,032	921
Turner	483	243
Union	19	94
Upson	620	307
Washington	1,117	450
Webster	171	141
Worth	655	615
Walton	1,052	1,225
Walker	262	464
Wilcox	368	461
Wilkinson	495	117
Wayne	263	372
Warren	493	126
Wheeler	314	137
Whitfield	627	642
White	254	266
Wilkes	677	740
Wilkinson	510	250
Total	84,257	68,234

Come to Our Tailor Shop and Compare Our Values at

\$35, \$40 and \$50 on Suits and Overcoats

With the NEW PRICES of Ready-Mades, and if you can wait a few days for us to make them up we will get your order.

Tailor-Made Clothes vs. Ready-Mades

The pleasing satisfaction of wearing a Suit or Overcoat made to their individual requirements is appreciated by thousands of men. Recently they have faced the necessity of paying as high as \$175 each for them, rather than wear ready-mades.

But conditions are changing. The backbone of high prices is broken, leaving raw materials for men's clothes in a distressing condition---actually crying for buyers.

We dropped into the market with ready cash, the result of which has placed in our hands hundreds of bolts of woolens. We are making these up into Suits and Overcoats at prices which are baffling the buying brains of all ready-to-wear stores in this section.

Anticipating the volume of business that would necessarily follow these preparations, and realizing that it could not be handled in our Atlanta shop, we diligently sought and then selected what we found to be the finest tailoring house in America---The Storrs-Schaefer Co., of Cincinnati---to make up these woolens to your individual measurement from your own style selection.

By this happy arrangement we can deliver, ON DATE DESIRED, an enormous volume of business.

Satisfactory Fit Guaranteed

Mr. (Bill) Apel, one of Atlanta's very best Cutters, is here to take your measure and see that your Suit and Overcoat are exactly right.

We give every customer individual attention and sufficient time to make careful selection, regardless of waiting patrons.

Jack Hayes
MADE TO MEASURE CLOTHES
142½ Peachtree Street

good citizenship, as interpreted by us. The only note of regret is the failure to lead to success the best of friends for whom our love will abide forever.

In perfect good spirit, as private, we join the ranks of constructive optimists for renewed service to our fellowmen---to co-operate in every forward movement looking to the betterment of our people and the uplift of the state.

The successful candidate is now busy appointing delegates to the state convention, and, after his first appointment, Thursday afternoon when he named James B. Nevin, chairman; Walter Sims, Walter E. Hines and W. W. Banks, delegates to represent Fulton county. Alternates named are J. K. Jordan, Carl Kiser, A. P. Spence, W. S. West, Carl Hutcheson and George W. Seals.

At the anniversary services of the

Daughters of the American Revolution on October 11

at 8 o'clock at the First Presbyterian church, Company A, First regiment of infantry, Georgia national guard, under command of Captain

T. W. Buffin, will conduct the mill-

itary ceremony. State and city officials who have been invited include Governor Dorsey, Adjutant General

Van Holt Nash, Major Arthur McCullom, Mayor Key, officials of the chamber of commerce and Pres-

idents' club.

Company A is known as the Eliz-

abeth rifles, having been named for

Mrs. Elizabeth Martin, of New Or-

leans, who rendered invaluable as-

stance to the soldiers during the

world war. The company will ap-

pear in full dress uniform under

arms, with stand of colors, the

United States flag and Georgia

state flag.

All patriotic societies in the city

are especially invited to attend the

ceremony, which is given under the

auspices of the Red Cross.

The Civic Improvement club, the

corn and canning clubs, and the

agricultural clubs of the county.

The school having the largest per-

centage of its enrollment in line

will be awarded a prize of \$25. Rock-

well school winning the prize.

The fair has an attractive line

of shows this year and the best

agricultural exhibits ever here.

Several of the city's schools have

good agricultural exhibits, and

there are a number of individual

exhibits being shown by the farmers

of the county. The live stock ex-

hibit, the car and truck exhibit

has been shown here at past fairs,

but does credit to the county as a

producer of registered cattle and

horses. It has been estimated that

1,000 people attended on the open-

ing day.

Winder, Ga., October 7.—(Spe-

cial)—The Barrow county fair

opened here on Tuesday with a pa-

rade of the school children of the

county, numbering about 4,000, in

line. The parade was headed by the

fair band, followed by several

floats presented by the Red Cross

and the Civic Improvement club.

**OFFICERS NAMED
FOR EMORY R. O. T. C.
MILITARY UNIT**

Officers were named yesterday for the Emory R. O. T. C. and uniforms have been issued for 225 men, according to an announcement by Colonel James A. Lynch, who has been detailed by the war department again this year to direct the organization. He will be assisted by Captain Henry F. Schroeder and Sergeants Frank Johnson and Robert

Puckett, all of whom belong to the regular army.

All students except freshmen will be given the opportunity of commanding. The battalion will be composed of four companies of infantry and the band. A captain, two lieutenants, second lieutenant, four sergeants and six corporals will be the commissioned and non-commissioned staff of each company.

B. Williams will act as student commander and has been appointed major.

Following are the officers of the first year: Captain, W. C. Taylor; first lieutenant, S. E. Stevens; first lieutenant, W. H. Walker; second lieutenant, H. D. Hancock; company B, captain, W. B. Brandon; first lieutenant, J. B.

Graham; second lieutenant, Boyd Parks; first lieutenant, M. L. Clark; second lieutenant, T. W. Collier; company D, captain, T. R. Liebman; first lieutenant, F. C. Holden; second lieutenant, Jack Corry. F. E. Dickinson was commissioned first lieutenant and was appointed adjutant. B. F. Daniel is staff and color sergeant.

Many of the scenes for Connie Talmadge's next picture are being filmed in Europe. It will go to the screen later this year. "Our Business" is an adaptation of a popular magazine story, "The Chessboard." It is said to be replete with humorous situations.

Whose Idea Was This?

It was yours!

Most advertisers offer *their* idea of service.

Therein lies the great distinction between common stores and our store.

Our style policy was determined by our customers. They had a right to demand only the best and we took steps to see that they got it.

Our price policy also was decided by our customers. They said: Give us the best clothing at a price that is fair - and of course we agreed.

Our policy of constant courtesy and square dealing was the result of a very natural demand that we, just as naturally, anticipated.

Our "Charge Account" policy our customers also decided. People said: "Have you sufficient faith in us to open accounts for us?" And we answered: "Certainly! We will do that *and more*, we will let you determine the terms of payment to suit your convenience."

In other words - our customers run our Store. *Does it pay?* Ask the thousands and thousands of satisfied customers who have had accounts with our organization for five and ten, and fifteen years - they will tell you that *right here* is where satisfaction is a certainty.

Isn't this good enough for you.

Today open a Charge Account

WOMEN

We are showing a most representative assortment of Suits, Coats and Dresses cleverly developed in all the new fabrics and colors in a number of models.

Dresses from \$22.98 to \$60.00
Suits from \$32.98 to \$85.00
Coats from \$21.98 to \$75.00

Your choice on your own terms of payment.

MEN

Suits and Overcoats of distinction and character; tailored by master tailors of the finest quality of virgin wool fabrics, in all the new popular colors, weaves and patterns.

Suits from \$35.00 to \$60.00
Overcoats from \$35.00 to \$60.00

Any Suit or Coat is yours on a **CHARGE ACCOUNT**



National CLOTHING STORES
98 Whitehall Street

WILSON REFUSES TO SHOW RECORD

In His Controversy With Senator Spencer—President Says There's No Peace Conference Record in United States.

Washington, October 7.—Today's contribution from the white house in the controversy between President Wilson and Senator Spencer, of Missouri, who charged the president with having definitely promised the aid of the American army and navy to Rumania and Serbia at the peace conference, was a statement by Secretary Tumulty that the president has no stenographic report of the eighth plenary session, at which the promise is alleged to have been made, and that so far as the president knows, there is no such record in this country. Senator Spencer called for the record.

Made to Council of Four.

The statement, which the Missouri senator has charged to President Wilson, and which is being used as a part of the republican campaign against the league of nations, is said, according to various published reports, to have been made by the president at a session of the council of four on May 31, 1919. Mr. Spencer, however, referred to it as having been made at the eighth plenary session of the peace conference.

"President Wilson tells me there is no stenographic record of the proceedings of the conference in his possession," Mr. Tumulty said, "and so far as the president knows, there is none in this country."

Mr. Tumulty added that "it was up to us to make the charges" to produce the proof.

There was no intimation as to whether the president would make further reply to Senator Spencer.

This Writer Claims Copy.

St. Louis, October 7.—It was announced at the office of Senator Spencer here today that a telegram had been received from Herbert Adams Gibbons, a writer, saying Mr. Gibbons was in possession of a copy of the stenographic report of a session of the peace conference in which President Wilson is alleged to have promised American military aid to Europe in event the world is again troubled.

This alleged assertion of the president brought about the controversy between the senator and the president. Mr. Gibbons' telegram, it was stated, was sent from Elkins, W. Va.

Senator Spencer was out in Missouri campaigning today and could not be reached.

GOVERNOR MOVES TO END ACTIVITIES

(Continued from First Page.)

the apprehension of those guilty of misdeemeanors. Burning or otherwise destroying ginseng is a felony, and if the threats are carried out, upon information from you, I shall be very glad to offer the highest reward permissible under the law.

"If we permit the legitimate business of ginning cotton to be interfered with, or the owners of ginners to be persecuted, or the mechanics, and the perpetrators to go without punishment, the next step will be to notify merchants to close their stores, and then bankers to close their banks.

"If legitimate business can be interfered with in this way, then bolshevism has already arrived.

"I would advise you that if upon yourself to call a conference of the law-abiding people in the communities in the county where such notices have been posted, and take such steps as may be necessary to apprehend the guilty parties and protect gins.

Worth Harm.

"The people who resort to this means of controlling economic laws are not only failing to accomplish their purpose, but will intensify the very condition which they seek to remedy.

"If I can assist you in any way, do not hesitate to command me.

"Very truly yours,

"HUGH M. DORSEY,
"Governor."

"October 7, 1920.
"Mr. Brown's statement follows: "What we want to do is to let Secretary Houston know that the signs which have been posted in the state in the past year, that we have always been patriotic, that the signs which have been posted in some sections of the state do not express the real sentiment of the people. I know the men who produced cotton in Georgia, and these signs do not express the sentiment of the people. The cotton farmers will impress upon the people of their communities where such signs have been posted that it would be a fatal mistake to resort to violence and lawlessness."

"I am informed that posting of these signs has been general throughout the state. Whoever may be having this program, I do not know, but if it is followed up by acts of lawlessness, it will injure the cotton growers."

SCHOOL SYSTEM FACES FINANCIAL CRISIS

(Continued from First Page.)

trict superiors with direct connection with this office, it can readily be seen what a large increase would be made."

"In the state, in its present financial condition, it is well known that Governor Dorsey is anxious to provide relief. It is stated, and he is still considering appeals made to him to call an extra session of the state legislature. Should he call the extraordinary session, it is believed, it will be convened during November, the proclamation being issued about October 15.

POST TOASTIES
for breakfast is like a hard-boiled egg - you simply can't beat it
—says Bobby

THE CONSTITUTION, ATLANTA, GA., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 8, 1920.

CLUB FEDERATION INDORSES FIGHT ON SPEED FIENDS

The war now being waged against speeders and violators of traffic ordinances was endorsed Thursday morning by a meeting of the Atlanta Federation of Woman's Clubs in the Atlanta Chamber of Commerce assembly hall.

Mrs. E. A. Thornton was elected

president of the federation for the coming year. Mrs. Wilmer Moore was elected vice president, and Mrs. Edwin Peoples was chosen as corresponding secretary. Mrs. Joseph N. Moody read the report of the committee on resolutions.

A resolution was also adopted recommending a matron at police headquarters for the recorder's court.

BLACKMAIL CASE AGAINST R. L. BOND SET FOR NOVEMBER

Rufus L. Bond, indicted by the federal grand jury for having attempted to defraud Asa G. Candler, Atlanta millionaire, of \$2,000, will not be tried until Monday, November 29, his case having been com-

tinued Thursday by Judge Samuel H. Shibley, with the consent of both the government and counsel for the defendant.

It is alleged that Bond attempted to blackmail Mr. Candler by sending him an anonymous letter, in which the recipient is said to have been warned to place \$2,000 in the back doorsteps of his residence at 91 West Cain street, "or we will get you."



always visible. Instantly shows the number of figures that have been registered on the



Only 10 keys, one for each numeral, and handles every kind of figure work.

Let us show you on your own work.

Sundstrand Sales Agency

808 Atlanta Trust Co. Bldg.

Atlanta, Ga., Telephone 17-8510.



YOUR SYSTEM NEEDS PAW-PAW

You don't have to be "flat on your back" or so weak that you can hardly move, before taking a tonic. That's almost too late, yet Munyon's Paw-Paw Tonic will help you even then. The best time to take it, however, is when you feel yourself going, when the digestion goes wrong, or stomach or liver troubles, food distress, belching, dizziness, biliousness, or sick headache appear.

Munyon's Paw-Paw Tonic is particularly valuable to the nervous, weak or debilitated or those who have been using drugs or other stimulants to keep them "keyed up." Munyon's Paw-Paw Tonic makes recourse to these dangerous and destroying agents unnecessary as it supplies the weakened system with just the proper stimulus needed to restore lost vitality.

Every person who feels overworked, weak, run down, generally out of sorts, should try Paw-Paw Tonic at once.

Ask for it by name and be sure that it is Munyon's Paw-Paw Tonic prepared only by the Munyon Homoeopathic Home Remedy Company, Philadelphia and Scranton, Pa.

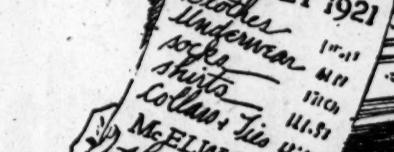
If your druggist does not have it, try any Jacob's Store.

TRADE-MARK



BUDGET 1921

Clothes
Underwear
Socks
Shirts
Collars
Ties
McELWAIN



Write McElwain shoes in your budget and you'll have just that much more for the Savings Bank



McELWAIN

SHOES



For Men \$6 to \$10
Some at \$11 and \$12

For Boys \$4 to \$6
Some at \$7 and \$8

McELWAIN SHOES

You can buy McElwain Shoes at the stores of 25,000 leading independent shoe merchants throughout the country.



A MAN'S personality is reflected in his attire. Because we look first at a man's face, the character of his hat largely influences our first impression.

A hat must have more than good style. It must reflect the individuality of the man who wears it.

Every Worth Hat and every Thoroughbred Hat represents the best and newest in style, workmanship, and material. But besides this, you will be able to find in the Thoro-Worth line the one hat which will best express your own personality.

The Thoroughbred or Worth dealer in your town will be glad to help you select your hat.

HARRIS-POLK HAT CO.

and Sloan-Force Hat Co.

ST. LOUIS, MO.

THOROUGHBRED and WORTH HATS



Freak Twin Apple.

C. C. Sewell, of near Taylorsville, Bartow county, was in Atlanta Thursday, exhibiting a remarkable twin apple, which has two stems and is double in every way, being joined in the middle. Mr. Taylor, who is the proprietor of a four-acre apple orchard, will exhibit this apple at the Bartow county fair and also at the Southeastern fair in Atlanta.

There Is Personality In Sorosis Shoes



Sorosis footwear for men stands for maximum quality and the finest in footwear—the most highly efficient product that the shoemaking industry has developed.

For dress wear the English last of black and tan calf, priced.....\$15 and \$16
For general wear and durability the English and Scotch Brogue, priced.....\$15
For the more conservative dresser, the London last, black and brown kid.....\$17 and \$18
—Main Floor

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.

**NEGRO BEING HELD
ON MURDER CHARGE**

MacClenny, Fla., October 7.—A negro, believed to be Jim Givens, charged with the murder of John Harvey, near here Saturday, which resulted in the lynching of three negroes and the shooting death of a fourth, was arrested today at Fruitland, Ga. A party of 12 men, including two deputies, left here last Friday for Fruitland, determined that if the man arrested is Givens, he will be returned safely to the Baker county jail here.

H. M. Smoot, formerly sales manager for the National Biscuit company at Montgomery, Ala., has been promoted to a similar position in the city. Mr. George B. Hawes, who has been called to a responsible position in the general sales department of the company in New York. Mr. Smoot has been associated with the company since 1909, having begun his career at Washington, D. C., as salesman, and has steadily worked his way up to the enviable position of local sales manager.

Nature's Remedy
NR-TABLETS-NR
Merritt's Pharmacy

Better Than Pills
For Liver Ills.
Get a 25c Box

**DEXTER**

a Lion Collar for Fall which combines smart appearance with the comfort of extreme lightness. It is the newest

LION Collar.

UNITED SHIRT AND COLLAR CO. ALSO MAKERS OF LION SHIRTS, TROY, N. Y.

Blackstock, Hale & Morgan BIG REMOVAL SALE

Entire Stock and Fixtures at a Great Sacrifice

After ten years in the present location, we find that we need more room and will, on or about November 15th, move to our new store at NO. 2 PEACHTREE STREET, where we expect to open one of the finest men's clothing stores in Atlanta. This is our legitimate reason for this BIG REMOVAL SALE.

We are offering the men of Atlanta, the best opportunity they have ever had for the purchase of high grade clothing and furnishings at a tremendous discount.

Our entire stock and fixtures are to be disposed of before we move, so that when we open at No. 2 Peachtree Street, an entirely new stock of merchandise will await you. We suggest that you read these prices and profit.

Note These Reductions on Collegian Clothes for Men and Young Men

When men see the word "Collegian" on a Suit or Overcoat, they know exactly what that word means. Collegian Clothes are known the world over by men who are particular about wearing the best. Just notice, for a minute, how these new Fall Collegian Suits and Overcoats have been reduced—

\$ 30.00 Suit or Overcoat	\$24.75	\$ 65.00 Suit or Overcoat	\$49.75
\$ 35.00 Suit or Overcoat	\$26.75	\$ 67.50 Suit or Overcoat	\$51.75
\$ 40.00 Suit or Overcoat	\$29.75	\$ 70.00 Suit or Overcoat	\$53.75
\$ 45.00 Suit or Overcoat	\$34.75	\$ 75.00 Suit or Overcoat	\$58.75
\$ 50.00 Suit or Overcoat	\$39.75	\$ 80.00 Suit or Overcoat	\$64.75
\$ 55.00 Suit or Overcoat	\$41.75	\$ 85.00 Suit or Overcoat	\$68.75
\$ 57.50 Suit or Overcoat	\$44.75	\$ 90.00 Suit or Overcoat	\$71.75
\$ 60.00 Suit or Overcoat	\$46.75	\$100.00 Suit or Overcoat	\$81.75

Hats

Every hat in our store is included in this removal sale. Take your choice at these reductions. Prices include war tax.

\$ 4.00 Hats at	\$ 3.15
\$ 5.00 Hats at	\$ 3.85
\$ 6.10 Hats at	\$ 4.85
\$ 8.30 Hats at	\$ 6.10
\$ 9.40 Hats at	\$ 7.20
\$10.50 Hats at	\$ 8.30
\$13.25 Hats at	\$ 9.95
\$14.35 Hats at	\$11.60
\$16.00 Hats at	\$12.70

Underwear

\$2.00 Union Suits...	\$1.45
\$2.50 Union Suits...	\$1.80
\$3.00 Union Suits...	\$2.45
\$3.50 Union Suits...	\$2.70
\$4.00 Union Suits...	\$3.15
\$5.00 Union Suits...	\$3.65
 SHIRTS and DRAWERS	
\$1.00 Garment	80c
\$1.50 Garment	\$1.20
\$2.00 Garment	\$1.55
\$2.25 Garment	\$1.70
\$3.00 Garment	\$2.35

Shirts

No man ever has too many shirts. Now is a mighty good time to save money on the new Fall Patterns.
\$1.50 Shirts, Sale Price 95c
\$2.50 Shirts, Sale Price \$1.85
\$3.00 Shirts, Sale Price \$2.35
\$3.50 Shirts, Sale Price \$2.85
\$4.00 Shirts, Sale Price \$3.20
\$5.00 Shirts, Sale Price \$3.85
\$6.00 Shirts, Sale Price \$4.85
\$7.50 Shirts, Sale Price \$5.35
\$8.50 Shirts, Sale Price \$5.65

Blackstock, Hale & Morgan

Distinctive Clothiers and Furnishers

16 Marietta St.

Right at Five Points

Disputed Baby

Again Figures In Legal Fight

Garners Propose Blood
Tests and Finger Prints
in Desperate Effort to
Secure Custody of Tiny
Louise Madelaine.

Like Solomon, Judge George L. Bell, in the civil division of Fulton superior court, will be forced by circumstances to determine which mother has the right to Louise Madelaine, who was born at Grady hospital on the morning of May 12, 1919, and whom both Mrs. J. C. Garner and Mrs. L. L. Pittman claim to be their child.

By means of finger prints, blood tests and photographs, the Garners will attempt to establish their claim to the baby, who is in the possession of the Pittmans and who is the central figure in the famous "mixed baby" case.

The case found its way into the court on a writ of habeas corpus brought by Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Garner against Mr. and Mrs. Daniel L. Pittman and the hearing on the case was begun Thursday morning before Judge Bell. He adjourned court at 1:30 o'clock Thursday and announced that the hearing will be resumed Friday at 9:30 a. m.

Attorney William Arnard, for the Garners, stated after adjournment Thursday that Friday morning he will place on the stand finger-print experts and would show that there exists a great similarity between the finger prints of Mr. and Mrs. Garner and their three little girls. This testimony will be used to show that if finger prints of the disputed baby resemble prints of the other Garners, she is one of the family.

Persuasive Evidence.
Testimony based on blood tests and finger prints will not be offered as conclusive proof of the parentage of the child, but "as persuasive evidence" to strengthen the probability of the parentage of the Garners.

The court room was crowded when the case was called Thursday and the Garners, and their three little girls faced the Pittmans and Louise Madelaine, who slept through the session.

On May 22, 1919, girl babies were born to Mrs. Pittman and Mrs. Garner at Grady hospital. Mrs. Garner claims that the babies were exchanged by the carelessness of an attendant and that the baby the Pittmans have in their possession is her baby. When the baby that she had and believed to be the Pittman baby died last spring, she said, "My baby is not dead; this is Mrs. Pittman's baby." Mary Elizabeth, who was in possession of the Garners until her death from influenza, was accepted by Mrs. Garner under protest. She was the "unclaimed baby," and died when the case was first brought into court last spring.

Expert Testifies.
The first witness was Dr. A. H. Bunce, an expert in pathology, who was called by the plaintiffs in an effort to establish the parentage of Louise Madelaine by blood tests. He testified that human blood is classed in four groups, most people belonging to group two or four. He said that he had examined the blood of the Garners and their three little girls and that they were all in "group two."

Dr. Bunce stated that he could not prove conclusively the parentage of a child by means of blood test, but that it was possible to show similarity between the blood of the disputed child and its parents. At the conclusion of Dr. Bunce's testimony, Mrs. Garner took the stand to tell her story. She stated that when her baby was born she was not under the influence of chloroform or any other anesthetic and knew everything that was going on in the room.

"I told the doctor, 'It is a girl,'" she continued, "and he said that it was. Then I said, 'I know it would be because all my children are girls.' I take care of my other children when they were born and it has lots of hair on its head, as they did. There was a garment on the face, just under the eye, like a finger will."

Claims Change Was Made.
She said the baby was taken from her and placed in another room. At 8 o'clock that night it was brought to her for the first time and again the next morning at 8 o'clock and at 6 o'clock and after that every three hours to be nursed.

"It was at 2 o'clock Saturday morning that the nurse came in and made the baby," she said. "A baby was brought to me by a negro girl named Lilly, who worked in the ward. I knew it immediately. It wasn't mine. It was in a different wrap from the one mine had been wrapped in, there was no scratch on the face, and it didn't have as much hair as my baby. It was a different baby altogether."

"As soon as the nurse came in I told her that the wrong baby had been brought to me. She took me to keep it and she would try to straighten out the difference."

"As far as I know, no effort was

made to straighten it out. Sunday morning at 9 o'clock the baby was brought to me again. I knew it by the scratch on its face and its hair. Mrs. Pittman said it was hers and the nurse took my baby away from me and gave it to Mrs. Pittman."

She said that she never accepted the wrong baby as her own, but had to take it because it was in the hospital because Mrs. Pittman had taken her baby and there was nobody to take care of the other baby. She said that she was confined to the nurse, Miss Edgeworth.

Mrs. Pittman refused to entertain any such proposition.

During the cross-examination of Mrs. Garner, Lilly Wright was called in by the defense and was identified by Mrs. Garner as the baby.

The Garners are represented by Attorney Arnard, while Attorney James W. Austin is counsel for the defense.

and sweet Mrs. Pittman refused to

contend that Lilly Crawford, who was claimed by an Atlanta paper last year to have been the attendant, was the wrong maid.

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Society

Mrs. Seidell to Entertain.

One of the large teas of the week will be a Halloween tea at the Atlanta Woman's club Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock, given by Mrs. Seidell, Seidell's committee to her committee of the Woman's club which is furnishing the linens for the club house. Those invited are as follows: Miss Alice Baxter, Miss Mary Burdett, Mrs. Mrs. Land Speer, Mrs. B. Wilder, Mrs. R. M. Stribley, Mrs. R. K. Rambo, Mrs. Alonso Richardson, Mrs. Fred E. Wilmot, Mrs. Hamilton Douglas, Miss A. M. Williams, Mrs. M. Kriegshaber, Mrs. J. R. Little, Mrs. Sterling Elder, Mrs. Wade Davis, Mrs. Aurelia Patterson, Mrs. T. T. Stevens, Mrs. G. Carpenter Jones, Mrs. R. O. Kerlin, Mrs. John A. Per-

due, Mrs. L. P. Stephens, Mrs. Charles Lordin, Mrs. L. C. Mathews, Mrs. Joseph G. Heard, Mrs. G. Hartman, Mrs. L. L. Adair, Mrs. A. G. Woodward, Mrs. Joseph G. Heard, Jr., Mrs. William King, Mrs. W. B. Price-Smith, Mrs. D. R. Price, Mrs. E. M. H. Price, Mrs. Hagan, Mrs. R. H. Doherty, Mrs. M. Thrower, Mrs. J. H. Fitch, Mrs. Louis Newell, Mrs. W. A. Lander, Mrs. F. Feagin, Mrs. Jerome Jones, Mrs. Pearce, Mrs. M. John G. Diaz, Mrs. S. E. Hoykin, Mrs. W. B. Dickey, Mrs. E. H. Goodhart, Mrs. Lucian Harris, Mrs. Arthur Hazard, Mrs. E. M. Helbig, Mrs. R. C. James, Mrs. M. Doherty, Mrs. A. Mangat, Mrs. John W. Millspaugh, Mrs. James, S. Moore, Mrs. J. E. McFerrin, Mrs. W. A. Parker, Mrs. Fred E. Wilmot, Mrs. G. Carpenter, Mrs. Charles W. May, Mrs. H. C. Coughenour, Mrs. C. H. Banks, Mrs. R. V. Hasley, Mrs. Christian Clarke.

Chastain—Elder.

The marriage of Miss Kate Chastain and Mr. John T. Elder, Jr., will be an interesting event of Oc-

tober 15, to be solemnized at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Henry Chastain, at 2:30 o'clock in the evening.

Rev. Charles W. Daniel will be the officiating minister.

The bride will be given in marriage by her father, Mr. John Hen-

ry Chastain.

The maid of honor will be Miss Lillian Chastain, sister of the bride, and the groom will have as his matron of honor, Mrs. Paul Williams.

The matrons of honor will be Mrs. Paul Williams, Mrs. Lee Green, sister of the groom; Mrs. Thomas Harrelson, Mrs. Harry Harrelson, Mrs. Belle Minor, Miss Ethel Garwood and Mrs. Guy Simmons will be ribbon bearers.

Miss Lillian Barker will keep the bride's hook.

After the ceremony there will be a reception at the home of the bride's parents.

Argentine Club.

The Argentine club wishes to announce the opening of their Saturday evening dancing session Saturday, October 9, at Segado's hall. These dances will continue throughout the winter season. A special menu will be served and arranged. The club members and their friends are cordially invited. Dancing from 9 to 12 o'clock.

Army Arrivals.

Lieutenant Colonel Frederick W. Coleman, finance department of the United States army, has been transferred to Atlanta, Ga., for duty as corps and zone finance officer, fourth corps area.

Colonel and Mrs. Coleman, with their son, Fred, arrived at Fort McPherson on October 9 and will occupy quarters at that post. For the past two years Colonel Coleman has been on duty in Washington, D. C., as assistant director of finance.

Buffet Supper.

Miss Margaret Mitchell was hostess of a supper given at her home on Peachtree street, the occasion a delightful one complimenting Miss Courtney Ross, a bride.

The house had tasteful decoration in yellow chrysanthemums and asters, and a handsomely appointed buffet table was decorated in yellow and a centerpiece a bowl of chrysanthemums.

Miss Mitchell was becomingly gowned in gold net over brown satin. Miss Ross wore black satin dressed with many chiffons.

In the party were Miss Ross, Misses Mary Wooldridge, Martha Bratton, Virginia Walker, Dorothy Bates, Helen and Letitia Turnbow, Frances Elsie, Misses J. M. Mitchell, Stephen Mitchell, Mrs. J. P. Biltz, Mrs. W. P. Wooldridge, Misses McDonald, McWhitton, Charles DuPree, Frank Hooper, Henry Kuhrt and Roy Perry.

For Miss Smith.

Miss Helen Smith, a bride-elect, was honored guest at a tea given yesterday afternoon by Mrs. T. J. Stillwell and her sister, Miss Eugenia Netherton, at their home in College Park.

October flowers decorated the liv-

YOUR MIRROR WILL

TELL YOU WHY

Shuco Shampoo Makes Hair With a Thousand Lights.

SHUCO SHAMPOO when applied to the moistened hair and rubbed into a great mass of sparkling, bubbling lather will thoroughly cleanse the scalp and hair, drive away dandruff and leave the hair pure, fresh, sweet and brilliant.

SHUCO SHAMPOO makes soft, smooth, lustrous hair by using its puffs as easily roughed and sparkle like a tuft of silk.

SHUCO SHAMPOO is an perfect hair tonic, fine conditioner, palm oil thoroughly saponified, prepared of ingredients known the world over as the most delightful hair tonics.

60¢ at all drug stores. (adv.)

CLEAR YOUR SKIN

OF UNSIGHTLY

SKIN BLEMISHES

Such as Pimples, Tan, Liver Spots, Sun and Wind Freckles.

There's no better way of quickly removing unsightly skin blemishes and keeping the face, hands, neck or arms clear, soft and youthful, than by the use of these best aids popularly known as Black and White Ointment and Black and White Soap.

Black and White Cream Ointment removes the embarrassing skin blemishes—lightens and softens the skin. It is a delightful emollient that can be applied to the skin just before rinsing and washed off the next morning.

Black and White Soap is a pure antiseptic cleanser. It is regular use an aid in removing blemishes and keeps the complexion in ideal condition.

All drug and department stores guarantee and sell Black and White Ointment 25¢ a box, 100 boxes (one size contains three times as much); Black and White Soap 25¢ the cake.

Send 10¢ to Dept. C. S. Plough Chemical Company, Memphis, Tenn., for free samples and a copy of your Birthday Readings. (adv.)

Mrs. Martin Dunbar, hostess.

The members of her bridge club

yesterday morning at her home in the Dallas, Ga., section of Ponce de Leon avenue, the occasion preceding the first meeting of the club for the fall.

Following the bridge game lunch was served in the dining room, the table adorned with a silver basket filled with sunset roses and swansons. In the living room blue agapanthus placed in French basket cases formed the floral decorations.

Mrs. Dunbar was gowned in blue georgette crepe, beaded in conventional style.

Mr. Henry Bonney will entertain the club Wednesday morning at her home on Ponce de Leon avenue.

For Mrs. Staton.

Mrs. Albert Hammond Staton, a recent bride, will be honor guest at a luncheon given by her mother, Mrs. Womble White, at 1

o'clock, at her home on Howard street, the occasion assembling a group of the friends of the hostess who are invited to meet Mrs. Staton.

Her favors will be laid for Mrs. Staton, Mrs. White, Mrs. Frederic J. Paxton, Mrs. Charles J. Hayden, Mrs. James C. Wynn, Mrs. Lolle H. Wyche, Mrs. W. R. K. Shaeffer, Mrs. Richard Orme Flinn, Mrs. Edward Alfreld, Mrs. Thomas Sawtell and Mrs. Paul M. Potter.

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Society

Phi Delta Theta Fraternity Luncheon.

All members of the Phi Delta Theta fraternity are especially urged to attend the weekly luncheon at 1 o'clock today in the Russ & Cason cafe in the Majestic hotel building. Matters of interest regarding the alumni smoker are to come up.

Mrs. Jackson P. Dick and Jackson P. Dick, have returned from North Hatley, Canada, where they spent the summer at the summer home of Mrs. Dick's parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Atkinson, and Mrs. Dick and her son are at the Ponce de Leon during the renovation of their apartment at 24 East Eighteenth street. Mr. and Mrs. Atkinson remain in Canada several weeks longer.

PICTURE FRAMING

Albums, Kodaks and Finishing
Georgia Art Supply Co.
MANUFACTURERS - JOBBERS
RETAILERS - RETAILERS
Phone: Main 4465
65 S. Broad Street

MOTHER'S FRIEND

For Expectant Mothers
USED BY THREE GENERATIONS

All Druggists

WRITE FOR BOOKLET: ON BROTHERHOOD AND BABY CARE

REGULATOR CO. DEPT. B-D ATLANTA GA

Following a talk by J. Eppa Brown, president of the Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph company, at the weekly luncheon of the Rotary club week before last, information was given to the members of the club by Kendall Weisberger for a thorough inspection of the situation this afternoon. The Rotarians will assemble at 12:15 at the Clubhouse at 1 o'clock and will spend a few minutes in examining conditions at the Ivy Exchange.

The Rotarians will be shown through the exchange, will be interested with the improvements that the company is making in its efforts to resume normal service.

ROTARIANS TO VISIT TELEPHONE EXCHANGE

The marriage of Miss Anna Huger Jennings and Mrs. James Pettigrew Woodson was an event in which interest centered throughout South Carolina and Georgia, and took place Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock at St. Luke's Episcopal church, in the presence of a large company of friends and relatives.

The altar was decorated with stately palms, and on either side were pedestal baskets filled with bride's roses and alternating with cathedral candlesticks holding lighted candles.

Rev. W. W. Memminger was the officiating minister, and the ushers were Mr. Shepherd Bryan, Mr. Alton Pettigrew, Mr. Van Holt Hull and Mr. R. H. Lowndes. Colonel H. S. Overton, Mr. A. A. Parker of the grooms acted as best man. Mr. James R. Parker was groomsman. A program of organ music was rendered before the entrance of the bride.

The maid of honor was Miss Phyllis Wilkins, who was gowned in Nile green satin, trimmed with silver garnitures and flowers, and carried an arm bouquet of pink roses.

The bridesmaid, Miss Sally Carrere, was gowned in pink taffeta, trimmed with tulle and silver, and her flowers were pink roses.

The flower girls, little Misses Muir Turner and Helen Parker, wore ruffled pink organdy dresses, and carried fashioned bouquets.

The lovely bride was gowned in white satin embroidered in pearls and rhinestones, with court train draped in tulle. Her bouquet was of brides roses showered with swansonia. The long tulle veil was finished with the Alabama Power company.

SILK HOSE SALE



Special Values Friday and Saturday

Full Fashioned Silk
Hose With Lisle Garter \$1.89
Tops and Reinforced
Heels and Toes.
In Black, White and Brown

All America Shoe Store
63 Whitehall St., Cor. Hunter

Final CLEARANCE of WOMEN'S LOW SHOES

MAIN FLOOR, FRIDAY ONLY

A Sale of Hand-Made Low Shoes in All
Wanted Styles and Materials. Values
From \$10.00 to \$17.50

\$5.95



**The
Francine**

Black, Brown and Grey
Suede, Black and Brown
Satin, Black and Brown
Kid. Also Patent Kid

Opera Pumps, Sailor Ties,
Theo Ties and Oxfords,
High and Low Heels.

For Evening Wear in Pink, Salmon and Silver. Grey Metallic Cloth, also Blue, White and Black Satin—

\$15.00 Values, \$5.95.



All Sales Final
No Refunds
No Exchanges
No Mail Orders

See Windows

ALL AMERICA SHOE STORE

63 Whitehall Street, Corner Hunter

Miss Jennings and Mr. Woodson Wed at St. Luke's Church

MEETINGS

The executive board of the Atlanta Woman's club will meet today at 10:30 o'clock at the clubhouse, 946 Peachtree street.

The Inman Park Student Club will have its morning meeting, October 8, at 10:30 o'clock with Mrs. John R. Wilkinson, 42 Dixie avenue.

A regular meeting of Atlanta chapter No. 57, O. E. S., will be held in the W. D. Luckie lodgeroom, corner Lee and Gordon streets, West End, today, October 8, at 10:30 o'clock. Degrees will be conferred. All members of the order duly qualified, are cordially invited to attend.

The October meeting of the D.A. alumnae will be held at the home of Miss Jessie Reynolds, No. 97 West End, today, October 8, at 10:30 a.m. October 9, at 3 o'clock p.m. All members are urged to be present.

The Georgia society of Colonial Daughters of America will hold a regular meeting on Saturday afternoon at 4 o'clock, at the home of the regent, Mrs. W. L. Barnes, 788 Piedmont avenue.

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Bennett-Rowe company, recently formed by shoe men of Haverhill, have leased a portion of the jail at Ipswich, Mass., for a period of five years, and are fitting it up for the manufacture of shoes. The jail has been idle for some time, for lack of prisoners. Prohibition did it.

From time to time since the effects of nation-wide prohibition began to be felt reports similar to the foregoing have appeared in newspapers and periodicals in all parts of the country—reports of the abatement of the demands for jails, almshouses, etc.—and in each instance the cause ascribed has been the same: "Prohibition did it."

Of course, the prohibition laws have been and are being flagrantly violated; but that is true to a greater or less extent of every law. It is true of the law against physical personal violence; of the law against larceny; of the law against any form of trespass upon the rights of others and the welfare of society. But that fact constitutes no argument against the wisdom, justification or righteousness of the law forbidding the traffic in and use of alcohol for purposes of making people drunk.

If it argues anything, it argues only in favor of more general respect for, and more rigid enforcement of, the prohibition laws of the community, state and nation.

There is no right-minded citizen who will deny that a great measure of the crime, insanity and pauperism that has tormented, burdened and saddened society since the dawn of civilization has been attributable, both directly and indirectly, to alcohol.

And despite the fact that the authorities have not yet been able to entirely abate the nuisance—despite the fact that the law is still being violated by criminals who blindly persist in surreptitiously making and selling intoxicating drink—even were only one-half in the whole country converted into a shoe factory; even were only one young man, or only one young woman, saved from debauchery and ruin; and even were only one family of little children insured an opportunity to develop into happy, useful citizens, that fact alone would sufficiently justify prohibition, which can work no possible injury to society nor to any individual.

MacSWINEY'S ENDURANCE.

As the voluntary fast of MacSwiney, lord mayor of Cork, drags on the case gains daily in the extent of popular attention paid to it, and each day adds, naturally, to speculation on the part of the public as to whether or not the subject is secretly being fed.

The lord mayor has been confined in Brixton prison, London, since August 13, since which time, so far as the records go to show, he has partaken of no nourishment; nothing has passed his lips, save pure water.

Many who have "followed" the MacSwiney case are of the opinion that the prisoner has been clandestinely given food; but, about a week or ten days ago a thorough study and observation of the lord mayor's condition was made by a board of disinterested scientists, who reported officially that he was not receiving, and to the best of their knowledge and belief had not

received since his incarceration, any food whatsoever.

Others there are who profess to believe that MacSwiney is being kept alive by Divine influence, their argument being that it would be physically impossible for a human being to retain life fifty or more days without nourishment in the form of food.

But there are cases of record in which, if the records are true, life has lingered much longer than 55 days after the food supply had been cut off.

For instance, there is the case of Richard Fausel, of North Dakota, who is recorded to have abstained from physical nourishment for 75 days, during which time his weight was reduced from 385 pounds to normal. He is said to have fully recovered his normal health after breaking his fast; and medical science attributed his survival to his excess of adipose tissue upon which his body fed after the usual food supply had ceased.

In 1914 a tailor, of Palo Alto, Cal., fasted for 65 days, taking to his bed not until about the fiftieth day; and during all of the 65 days his mind remained clear. On the 65th day he took a half teaspoonful of orange juice diluted with a like amount of water, and repeated the dose six hours later. But even that mild introduction of food overtaxed his astrophied digestive organism, and the patient died.

There are other and similar cases on record, going to show that MacSwiney has not yet reached the limit of human endurance; but he is not far from it—the limit, at least, when he may expect to be able to survive and to regain his normal health should his remarkable fast for any reason be broken.

It looks as though he is to succeed in his announced determination to sacrifice his temporal self upon the altar of his zeal for a cause to which his remarkable—even though it may be fanatical and uncalled for—behavior has undoubtedly increased public attention.

AS TO UNEMPLOYMENT. From New York, Boston, Chicago, and several other large cities the report is made by the Salvation Army and the Knights of Columbus employment bureaus that the supply of semi-skilled labor exceeds the demand for such. The heads of these bureaus predict a decided scarcity of urban jobs for the coming winter. This is significant, in view of the fact that it is the first time in nearly six years that such a condition has

The advice being given to the work-seeker at these employment agencies is to return to the farm. It is the first step in the gigantic task of readjusting the impossible situation of more than 50 per cent of our population dwelling in cities. The decrease in the demand for urban employees indicates a material failing off in the demand for many urban products.

The cry for indiscriminate production has been long and loud as though to swamp the markets were a scientific method of reducing prices. A small supply has not been the principal cause of high prices, nor has it been an imperative demand, but rather a willing demand; a demand which would pay the retailers their prices, thus enabling the retailer to pay the jobbers their prices. This willing demand is now changing to a judicious demand, and consequently urban jobs of a semi-skilled nature—the marginal producers—are being sloughed.

Farm labor is reduced 33 per cent below the normal, according to the figures of the secretary of agriculture. The unemployment of the cities can be readily absorbed into the rural life, where production requires every possible emphasis. From a state of non-employment they have but to turn to the fields to find labor at a premium higher than ever before in the history of the country.

Before we have the opportunity to accomplish this most difficult transition from congested and discontented urban life and depopulated rural communities to a safe and sound normality.

But if farm products suffer an artificial deflation as threatened this transition will be halted. If the farmers of this season are forced to market at prices below the cost of production because they cannot secure credit to tide them over, if they must mortgage homes and sell off farm property in order to make ends meet, the farm will hold out poor inducements to the urban labor surplus.

Non-employment in the cities and failure upon the farms is an equilibrium which negates the ends of life.

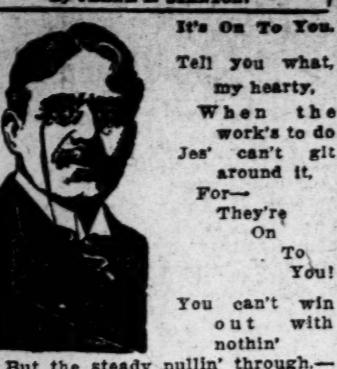
Such deplorable conditions must be avoided at all costs.

Perhaps prices will come down just to see what's up in the old country of their raising.

The women won't mind telling their ages. No matter how old they may be, they look younger.

Just From Georgia

By FRANK L. STANTON.



It's On To You
Tell you what,
my hearty.
When the
work's to do
Joe's can't git
around it.
For—
They're
On
To
You!
You can't
out with
nothin'
But the steady pullin' through,
You jes' can't git around it—
World.

Is
On
To
You!
The easier your pathway—
The skies above you blue.
The more you git for nothin'
World.

Is
On
To
You!
You'll better hustle lively
Fore your chances fade from
view:
The world is for the worker.
And

It's
On
To
You!
The Right "Jazz"
The "Linotype Jazz" man of
Walton News quoted this from an
"Esteemed contemporary."

I'd rather be a Could Be
If I could not be an Are.
For a Could Be is a Maybe
With a chance of touching par.
I'd rather be a Has Been

Than a Might Have Been by far;
For a Might Have Been has never
been

But a Has was once an Ara."

Noting that a South Carolina farmer "has succeeded in raising four colors of cotton." The Walton News says that if he will now fall upon a successful plan to destroy the boll weevil he will be the greatest man in America.

Love and the Light of Morning.
A shelter rude and a crust of bread
But your hand in mine on the way
I tread,
And the red blooms over the roses
dead,
And Love, and the Light of Morning!

A Sorrow, thrilling the lonely years,
But your smile like light in a rain
of tears,
And your sweet firm faith, and your
whispered prayers,
Love, and the Light of Morning!

And so we mingle, and so we meet,
And shall—till the journey, at last
complete.

We rest with the beautiful dreams
and sweet.

In Love, and the Light of Morning!

AH Explained Now.

O. D. Stamps dog went mad last

Thursday and was killed on Friday.

This is one of the dogs that was bitten by the dog formerly mentioned.—Stone Hill Correspondent of The Clarksville Herald-Democrat.

By the Way.

If you don't think that this old world

Is turning to the light,
Just call to mind the welcome
Of a little Home, at night.

HEALTH TALKS

By WILLIAM BRADY, M. D.

PREVENTION OF GOITER.

Simple goiter is more prevalent among young persons, especially school girls from 10 to 16 years of age, in certain parts of the country than others. The Great Lakes basin is such a region. Here the condition is remarkably frequent. Among 2,305 school children in Ohio cities, observed by Drs. Marine and Kimball, 495 showed some enlargement of the thyroid gland. In other words, every fifth child has goiter in this particular section.

The reason why simple goiter prevails so frequently in the Great Lakes basin (and there are inbred sections in England and in other countries where goiter is abnormally frequent) is not because of anything present in the drinking water or because of anything else.

It is the iodine in the drinking water which is likely to be lacking because of an insufficient amount of iodine in the drink or food or both.

At least Drs. Marine and Kimball, in a thorough investigation of the subject, have found that it is possible to prevent goiter in children by giving iodine or a compound of iodine internally in very small doses for ten consecutive days, then spring and autumn. This is also true of children who have given once a day, dissolved in the drinking water, three grains of sodium iodide each, but five showed some thyroid enlargement. Consequently, with the number of children developed goiter without this prophylactic. Moreover, of 1,182 pupils who showed thyroid enlargement at school, 100 were cured by iodine.

The reason why simple goiter prevails so frequently in the Great Lakes basin (and there are inbred sections in England and in other countries where goiter is abnormally frequent) is not because of anything present in the drinking water or because of anything else.

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Savannah Gets Big Deeper Waterways Meet for Next Year

Savannah, Ga., October 7.—(Special)—Savannah was elated today at the news from its delegation at the Atlantic Deeper Waterways association convention in Atlantic City that this city was chosen for the 1921 meeting place over strong efforts of Jacksonville to secure the meet.

Arrangements will be made to make the convention here a great success.

ASPIRIN

Name "Bayer" on Genuine



"Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" is genuine Aspirin proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians for over 20 years. An unbroken "Bayer package" which contains proper directions to relieve Headache, Toothache, Earache, Flu, Cough, Sore Throat, Rheumatism, Pain. Handy tin boxes of 12 tablets costs few cents. Druggists also sell larger "Bayer packages." Aspirin is trade mark Bayer Manufactured Monacoineicester of Salicylicacid.—(adv.)

Cuticura Soap Clears the Skin and Keeps it Clear

Soap, Ointment, Talcum, etc., everywhere. Samples free of Cuticura Laboratories, Dept. U, Malvern, Mass.

SALTS IF BACKACHE AND KIDNEYS HURT

Drink lots of water and stop eating meat for a while if your Bladder troubles you.

When you wake up with backache and dull misery in the kidney region, eat less meat, says a well-known authority. Meat forms uric acid which overworks the kidneys. Their effort to filter it from the blood and bones is sort of paralyzed and lousy. When your kidneys get sluggish and clog you must relieve them, like the body's urinaceous waste, also you have backache, sick headache, dizzy spells; your stomach, kidneys, colon, and when the weather is bad you have rheumatic twinges. The urine is cloudy, full of sediment, channels often get clogged, water scalds and you are obliged to seek it two or three times during the night.

Elthia is a life saver for regular meat eaters. It is inexpensive, cannot injure and makes a delightful effervescent Elthia water drink.—(adv.)

Notice

Do you suffer from indigestion, stomach trouble, constipation, or any of the different complications that affect the digestive organs? Do you have a full and sluggish feeling after eating, a dull headache; are you nervous or do you suffer from nervous dyspepsia?

If so, POINDEXTER'S TONIC is guaranteed for the above ailments. One-half bottle will prove it to you. Successfully used for eighteen years.

If your druggist cannot supply you, send \$1 and we will ship bottle direct to your address. charges prepaid.

POINDEXTER DRUG CO.

115 South Forsyth Street,
ATLANTA, GA.

Lady Mary Sterling Silver for Wedding Gifts

In our north window we are displaying a complete chest of Lady Mary Flatware, together with Tea Set and Waiter to match.

The Lady Mary pattern is unusually pretty, perfectly proportioned, heavy, graceful in design and beautifully finished.

This handsome pattern affords you a wonderful variety of pieces especially appropriate for wedding gifts.

Call and let us show this and other popular patterns or write for our twenty-fifth annual catalogue.

Special attention given to all orders for gift goods.

Maier & Berkele, Inc.

Gold and Silversmiths

Established 1887

31 Whitehall St.

Atlanta, Ga.

SPECIAL TAX LEVY INDICATED BY KEY

Letter to Council, Disapproving Increases, Does Not Touch on Proposition of Permissible Emergency Tax for Schools.

In disapproving a proposed increase of \$25 per month for each of four employees in the office of the city clerk, Mayor Key indicated for the first time Thursday that he would recommend a special tax levy at the beginning of the approaching year. It was not intimated that proportion of the permissible one-half of 1 per cent emergency tax the mayor will recommend, but in the letter containing the disapproval of the salary raises he stated that in order to maintain the present payroll it will be necessary to levy a special tax for the school teachers in a large amount for the year 1921.

The salary increases voted Thursday by Mayor Key were voted by the city council by a division of the members of the council and aldermen board, increasing the salaries of four employees in the General Council, City of Atlanta. Gentlemen, am making without any opposition, a resolution adopting the last recommendations of the council and aldermen board, increasing the salaries of four employees in the General Council.

I take pleasure in stating that this body of employees are efficient in their work, courteous and considerate to the public.

Condition: Changing.

The schedule of salaries paid in the clerk's office is quite equal to that of other departments of the city, and in some instances is above that paid in other departments of the city for similar grade of work.

Since I have been mayor I have approved every salary increase that has been proposed to me by the city council and in many instances have gone above the minimum recommended and advocated raises in pay commensurate with the demands of both by striking out with finality against any proposal that would not be in the best interest of the city.

The salaries that are being paid compare most with a like character. If the city is able to pay equal salaries to those paid by other employers, no reasonable complaint can be made.

If this increase is made it would be establishing a precedent which in effect would be a general increase in pay for all employees.

In the year 1919 the city paid the employees in the General Council more than they were paid in 1918, and in this year 1920, the city pay roll is more than \$1,000,000 above that of 1918. In order to account for this increase, the city council voted a tax of \$60,000 in 1919, and \$228,000 in 1920 and in order to maintain the present pay scale it will be necessary to levy a special tax for the school teachers in a large amount for the year 1921.

The taxpayers are now paying the city tax at the rate of \$1.025, and those who pay the taxes are not considered as well as those who do not.

There is a strong tendency everywhere among the taxpayers to pay more than in its duty to the public if it did not fail in line with this general tendency and advantage property to changing economic conditions.

For these reasons I disapprove the resolution of the city council.

Mayor Key also addressed to council Thursday a letter in which he explained his reasons for vetoing the resolution.

He has no objection to the city and Marshal Neims to probe the property not returned for taxation and place them on the city tax books and those parts of the property has been raised and built from them, or advance no league at all and still adhere to the line of his pre-election addresses. That he will take the middle ground calling for parts of the present covenant after first scrapping it altogether. Is the conviction of republican leaders who are directly in touch with Harding's mind on the subject.

Major Key declared that if the tax committee decide on a plan whereby the tax office itself can use the work proposed under the disapproved contract.

NEW LEAGUE DEAL IS PLAN OF HARDING

(Continued from First Page.)

tain, therefore, that there was a purpose in his making his Thursday pronouncement, and it is indicated the purpose was to open a drive to break old southern democratic strongholds wherein anti-league sentiment has strikingly developed.

Bender Talks of Georgia.

In Missouri, Tennessee and Georgia there have been unmistakable indications of strong opinion against the league as drafted at Versailles. In Missouri to a degree and in Georgia to a greater extent the question has disrupted party solidarity. In the former state, regarded this year as doubtful, though normally democratic. Senator Read is off the reservation in a bitter anti-league and within the last two days has sided with his republican colleagues, Senator Spencer, in a question of veracity arising between Spencer and

PAINT MEN ARE TOLD OF NATIONAL DRIVE

125 Hear Doctrine of "Save the Surface" Explained by Experts.

More than 125 members of paint and varnish concerns of Atlanta and vicinity attended the Dayton flood prevention committee, of which he was a member, held a meeting and voted to a number of the "dummy" employees, who, in turn, paid the money back to him personally, and he is returning the same to the Atlanta Diners, Deeds, Talbot, Kettering, Kidder, Tait and himself in proportion to what they have given to the campaign.

Painters Objected.

Continuously during the hearing Senator Pomerene voiced his disapproval of going into matters which he believed were not his, and which the senate committee was created—that of investigating presidential campaign contributions. Senator Edge admitted that in point of fact, he had gone into a foreign field, but insisted that inasmuch as Governor Cox had attended contributions to the public welfare fund, it was pertinent to show that he had no objections to how contributions had been made to his previous campaign.

The campaign is an educational movement which was inaugurated nearly two years ago at a gathering of 800 men representing 80 per cent of the paint and varnish industry.

Continuously during the hearing Senator Pomerene was explained to the Atlanta Paint club, by C. W. Cousins, representing campaign headquarters at Philadelphia, and C. A. Dura Redmond, of the British Varnish Company. Both are touring the south in the interest of the movement and will appear in point of fact, in Atlanta.

Painters and varnish men are making a thorough investigation of the negroes implicated in the alleged robbery of a wagon of the Parcel Delivery company. We are attempting to find out who the negroes are implicated in the theft, but up to a late hour Thursday night no other arrests have been made.

Harris' arrest was brought about by the alleged identification of his automobile as the one into which the stolen goods were transferred.

President W. C. Henegar, of the Parcel Delivery company, Thursday did not believe that the loss would exceed \$500.

(Continued from First Page.)

Schantz, however, did not appear as a contributor to any of the three funds, the contributions being listed as coming from numerous

persons, including local county commissioners.

On February 3, 1918, Mr. Schantz testified that the Dayton flood prevention committee, of which he was a member, held a meeting and voted to a number of the "dummy" employees, who, in turn, paid the money back to him personally, and he is returning the same to the Atlanta Diners, Deeds, Talbot, Kettering, Kidder, Tait and himself in proportion to what they have given to the campaign.

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RAILROAD SCHEDULES

Arrival and departure of passenger trains at Atlanta Terminal Station and Union Passenger Station. The Constitution first published information and news organized (Central Standard Time).

Atlanta Terminal Station.

ATLANTA, BIRMINGHAM AND ATLANTIC RAILWAY.

Arrives—
8:15 pm. *Brunswick*—Local—Leaves 7:10 am.
11:30 pm. *Cordele*—Local—Leaves 8:30 am.
12:30 am. *Brunswick*—Local—Leaves 10:30 pm.

ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD

Arrives—
11:50 am. *New Orleans-Montgomery*—6:50 am.
2:30 pm. *New Orleans-Columbus*—7:10 am.
2:30 pm. *Montgomery-Birmingham*—8:15 am.
2:30 pm. *New Orleans-Montgomery*—8:45 am.
10:30 am. *Montgomery-Birmingham*—9:45 am.
1:15 pm. *W. Point*—Local—Leaves 10:30 pm.
2:10 pm. *Montgomery-Birmingham*—10:30 pm.
2:30 pm. *New Orleans-Montgomery*—10:30 pm.

CENTRAL OF GEORGIA RAILWAY.

Arrives—
6:20 am. *Savannah-Albany*—7:50 am.
7:20 am. *Augusta-Columbia*—7:50 am.
6:20 pm. *Thomaston*—7:50 am.
6:20 pm. *Tallahassee*—11:00 pm.
7:40 pm. *Jacksonville*—8:00 pm.
10:00 pm. *Montgomery-Birmingham*—8:45 pm.
2:10 pm. *Macon*—Local—Leaves 12:30 pm.
2:30 pm. *Savannah*—9:45 pm.
8:15 pm. *Macon*—Leaves 11:00 pm.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILROAD.

Arrives—
8:30 am. *Hartwell-Moore*—Local—Leaves 7:50 am.
8:15 pm. *Birmingham*—Local—Leaves 8:10 pm.
2:30 pm. *New York-Washington*—12 noon.
2:30 pm. *Montgomery-Birmingham*—8:45 pm.
9:40 pm. *Pelham*—Local—Leaves 4:00 pm.
10:00 pm. *Montgomery-Birmingham*—8:45 pm.
7:15 pm. *New York-Washington*—8:25 pm.
7:15 pm. *Birmingham-Norfolk*—8:25 pm.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY SYSTEM.

Arrives—
8:15 am. *Jacksonville*—Leaves 12:05 pm.
8:20 pm. *N. W. Wash.-Athens*—Leaves 7:50 am.
11:50 pm. *Cincinnati-Chicago*—Leaves 5:35 am.
10:30 pm. *Kansas City-Brown*—6:15 am.
4:45 pm. *Montgomery-Birmingham*—Leaves 6:45 am.
8:30 pm. *Chatta-Rome*—Local—Leaves 6:40 am.
7:30 pm. *Columbus-Macon*—7:20 am.
6:30 pm. *Montgomery-Birmingham*—7:45 am.
6:30 pm. *N. W. Wash.-Athens*—11:40 am.
2:00 pm. *Macon*—Local—Leaves 12:20 pm.
5:30 pm. *Montgomery-Birmingham*—10:30 pm.
11:00 pm. *Chatta-Rome*—Local—Leaves 8:00 pm.
12:00 pm. *Birmingham-Memphis*—4:30 pm.
1:30 pm. *Montgomery-Birmingham*—8:45 pm.
8:10 pm. *Air Line*—Leaves 4:45 pm.
1:30 pm. *Montgomery-Birmingham*—4:45 pm.
1:30 pm. *For Val*—Local—Leaves 4:45 pm.
10:30 pm. *Macon*—Local—Leaves 5:00 pm.
8:00 pm. *Montgomery-Birmingham*—5:25 pm.
7:30 pm. *Montgomery-Birmingham*—10:30 pm.
7:30 pm. *Shreveport-Brown*—10:20 pm.
7:45 pm. *Charlevoix-Ashville-Wash.*—10:40 pm.
6:15 pm. *Jacksonville-Brown*—10:40 pm.
7:00 pm. *Montgomery-Birmingham*—10:40 pm.
Following day, except Sunday, trains arrive and depart from Peachtree station and do not enter Terminal station.

Arrives—
8:00 pm. *Birmingham*—Leaves 11:30 pm.
1:25 pm. *Washington-Richmond*—Leaves 8:12 pm.

NASHVILLE, CHATTANOOGA AND ST. LOUIS.

Arrives—
7:45 pm. *Chicago-St. Louis*—Leaves 8:00 pm.
7:45 pm. *Nashville-Chattanooga*—Leaves 8:00 pm.

Union Passenger Station.

GEORGIA RAILROAD

Arrives—
12:30 pm. *Augusta-Columbia*—Leaves 5:55 am.
8:30 pm. *Montgomery-Birmingham*—Leaves 12:15 pm.
10:30 pm. *Montgomery-Birmingham*—Leaves 6:10 pm.
7:45 pm. *Montgomery-Birmingham*—Leaves 7:45 pm.
7:45 pm. *Charlevoix-Brown*—Leaves 7:45 pm.
7:45 pm. *Montgomery-Birmingham*—Leaves 7:45 pm.

7:45 pm. *Montgomery-Columbus*—Leaves 7:45 pm.

7:45 pm. *Montgomery-Birmingham*—Leaves 7:45 pm.

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The Chinese idea of charging patrons of public restaurants is to present six diners with a bill for two persons it being reckoned that a dinner for three costs no more than a dinner for one.

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Ten Years Younger Than His Years

Doesn't it make you feel good—cause you to straighten up and feel "chesty"—when someone guesses your age at ten years or so younger than you really are? You look into your mirror, smile with satisfaction and say to yourself: "Well, he didn't make such a bad guess, at that."

The point is: You're no older than your vitality.

If a man is strong, vigorous, mentally alert, fine and fit at 50 he has a better chance of living up to 80 than a man of 30 who is weak and run-down has of living up to 60. While none of us can stay the years nor stop time, we should all make an heroic effort to successfully resist the effects of time by ever keeping our vitality at par.

When you sense a feeling of slowing down of your physical forces—when your stomach, liver, kidneys and other organs show signs of weakness—when you notice a lack of your old time "pep" and "punch"—in other words, when you feel your vitality is on the wane, you should con-

centrate at once to restore your energy, strength and endurance by taking

LYKO

The Great General Tonic

This master body-builder will help you keep healthy in spirit and mental and physical action, because it will assist Nature in maintaining your vitality at par. It enriches the blood, restores worn-out nerves, induces sound refreshing sleep, sharpens the appetite, tones up the digestion—in short, will put new life and new vim in every fiber of your body.

You will be surprised how much better you will feel after taking a treatment of LYKO, if you are tired and worn out, nervous and physically exhausted. It is a mildly laxative—keeps the bowels in fine condition—and a bottle from your druggist today.

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TRUSTED FRIENDS, FAILS TO COLLECT, COMITS SUICIDE

Macon, Ga., October 7.—(Special.) Abandoning his first plan to flee from the country and attempt to redeem himself because of financial difficulties, W. M. Hoyle, aged 39, a merchant of Thomaston, destroyed himself with strychnine in a room in a local hotel on Cherry street this morning.

Hoyle was known in Upson county as a big-hearted man, and he extended credit to his customers until his wife, Mrs. W. M. Hoyle, and members of the family stated this afternoon. With nearly \$10,000 on his books and unable to make collections to meet his debts, he is believed to have conceived the plan to go elsewhere, leaving his wife and two little children behind, in an effort to recuperate his losses.

He went to Atlanta Wednesday morning, wrote a letter to his wife, which he never mailed, and which was found in his room after his death, in which he told of his plan to redeem himself. He said in this letter the coroner's jury was shown, that he had never been the husband that he ought to have been. He said that he was going to leave, but where he was going he did not know. He had no money, but had no money for his shortcomings, and requested her to appeal to his father for financial aid in supporting their two little children, both boys, until their loss.

The coroner's jury which investigated the case held it was a case of suicide. The body was taken to Thomaston late today.

Professional Cards.

P. H. Brewster, Arthur Howell, Jr., Arthur Heyman, Brewster Heyman, Attorneys-at-Law, Offices—507 to 520 Connally Building, Long Distance Telephone, 2022, 3024 and 2025 Atlanta, Ga.

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Notice to Contractors

Sealed bids will be received by the undersigned until 11 o'clock a. m., Saturday, October 16, 1920, for grading and paving Maryland Avenue from Virginia Avenue to Los Angeles Avenue. Grading approximately 5,000 square yards, paving approximately 2,100 square yards. Bidders are to furnish on C. M. HOLLAND, Purchasing Agent, County of Fulton.

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